VOLUME XLVI-NUMBER 83.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE ROARING FARCE

Being Enacted in Lower House of the Austrian Reichsrath.

THE DEPUTIES MAKE A RUSH

For the President of the Chamber and he Flees for Safety.

LIVELY FIST FIGHT FOLLOWS.

The Uproar and Disorder Becomeso Great That a Detachment of Police is Called in and the Rioting Members are Driven From the Tribane-Herr Wolff Again Distinguishes Himself by Rendering a Whistling Solo-He, With Eleven Others, is Suspended for Three Sittings and Elected from the Hall-Disgraceful Procredings-The Angry Populace Makes Uzly Demonstrations at Night-The Police Make Many Arrests-"Mark Twain" Put Ont of the Gallery of the Unterhaus.

VIENNA, Nov. 26.-The disorder in the lower house of the Reichsrath was so accentuated to-day that a strong detachment of police had to be called in to preserve order.

When the president of the house, Dr. Abrahamovics, entered, he was greeted with vociferous shouts of "Get out." The Leftites rose to their feet in a body, many of the deputies shricked wildly and an indescribable tumult followed.

During the tumult, a Social Democrat, Herr Berner, made a rush for the president and a lively flot fight followed between Berner and the house attendants. who arcempted to protect the chair.

Thereupon another Social Democrat, Herr Resel, jumped upon the ministerial bench, and, hurrying to the presidential chair, seized the papers which were lying on the president's desk and tore them to pieces, while other Social Democrats hastened to Herr Berner's assistance. occupied the tribunal and demanded satisfaction for the attendants pummelling of Herr Berner, President Abraham-vics was compelled to flee.

Subsequently the Social Democrats at and Herr Berner was ejected from

meantime a detachment of sev-

round the tribune.

These scenes were enacted prior to the ormal opening of the house. While the leputles were fighting and howling on the floor of the house, a tumult arose in the second gallery, which the attendants

The authorities then caused all the lobbles of the house to be filled with police, the gates were closed and the building was guarded by a strong police force. The session of the house was meanwhile

When the lower house of the Reichsrath reassembled this afternoon, after the forced adjournment of the morning, the reappearance of President Abrahamvios was greeted by a storm of abuse, the slamming of desk lids, whistling, etc. He repeatedly tried to address the Leftites, but his voice was inaudible amid the uproar, the only articulate sounds distinguishable being cries from the Leftites of "Out with the police."

Dr. Wolff, the German Nationalist leader, as yesterday, contributed promited.

leader, as yesterday, contributed promi-nently to the pandemonfum. Upon this occasion he kept blowing a shrill whistle. Herr Resol, the Social Democrat deputy who took such a prominent part in the disturbances this morning, also indulged this afternoon, in shrill whistling.

In the midst of this uproar, President an the midst of this uproar, President Abrahamovics opened the sitting and twice called Dr. Wolff to order. As this had no effect upon the turbulent German Nationalist, the president suspended him for three sittings.

As soon as the Leftites realized what had occurred, they burst out into a state of unbridled fury, shricking insults at Dr. Abrahamovics. Herr Daszynski, a Socialist deputy, yelled: "You ought to be in tal."

Other infuriated deputies shouted all kinds of invectives, but individual con-sibutions to the uproar were indistin-

guishable amid the general howling from In spite of this disgraceful scene and insults hurled at him. President

prahamovics was apparently unmoved. out when he recognized that it was useces to make any further attempt to
ransact business, he quietly spoke a
ew words to a police officer near him and
suspended the sitting amid deafening
and voolferous cries of shame from the
citities and applause from the Rightites.
The substance of the words spoken to
he police officer by President Abrahamvices soon became appearent, for an officer and four policemen removed Dr.
Wolff from the house by force, in spite of
considerable physical opposition upon
the part of his clients.

When the president again re-entered house he was once more greeted with lower of opproblous epithets, includ-eries of "criminal," "traitor," "get After witheranding this storm for the president left the house, for a moment, and on his return

president called upon Count ich to speak, but the tumult contime previously shouted that the fent should be in Jail, for three sit-When Herr Dawrynski refused to the house, the president summoned size and the turbulent deputy was d from the building.

sesquenciy the president suspended on other deputies. names of the members suspended

After 5 o'clock this evening the aseng. It is estimated that a crowd of the

ten thousand, including a very large number of students, assembled and threatened the government with revolution, and Count Badeni, the premier, with the guillotine. An attempt was made to attack Count Badeni's house. The police repeatedly charged the crowd, but refrained from using arms. The students resisted with stleks. One police inspector was severely injured by a kick from a horse; another was thrown from his horse and so badly hurt that it was necessary to remove him to a hospital. A few students and some citizens received slight injuries. Not until nearly 11 o'clock was quiet restored.

To-day's edition of most of the even ing papers have been confiscated and the police have freely arrested persons offering papers for sale on the streets. the students and a large body of work-men attacked three newspaper offices, doing seme damage. The potice, with the assistance of the troops have re-stored order and twenty arrests have been made of the ring-leaders. The cool attitude maintained by Herr Abrahamovics, the president of the chamber, greatly enrages his oppo-ments.

nents.
Mr. Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) was among those expelled from the gal-leries of the unterhaus to-day.

To-das's proceedings have exhausted Herr Abrahamovics, both physically and mentally; and he was obliged to abandon the struggle when it was at its height. Dr. Kramarz, the vice president, a young Czech, considerably the junior of Herr Abrahamovics, followed him, but he succeeded no better in his attempts to dominate the disorders. The opposition leaders held another meeting this evening and decided, it is said, to impeach the ministry. To-das's proceedings have exhausted

working in sevening and decided, it is said, to impeach the ministry.

Workmen took but little part in the street demonstrations. They intend to organize demonstrations on their own account, which will probably be more serious in their results.

PRESIDENT TOO BUSY To Devote Any Time to Candidates for

Office-Cabinet Meeting. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.-It has come to be understood apparently that the President is too busily engage with the matters that he must bring to the time to the consideration of candidates for public office, so this morning there

was only one congressional caller namely Representative Harmer, of Philadelphia.

About fifteen minutes to eleven o'clock Secretary Sherman came over to the white house from the state department and accompanied by the French ambasasdor, M. Patenotre, with the secretary of embassy. M. Thiebaut. The party was shown into the blue parlor, where President McKinley walted by appointment and the ambasador preappointment, and the ambassador pre-sented his letters of recall.

sented his letters of recall.

The coblinet meeting called together every member of the President's official family and lasted fully helf an hour longer than usual. Notwithstanding family and lasted they but as our longer than usual. Notwithstanding this, it was said that the proceedings were generally of a routine nature and that Cuhan affairs were not touched upon, beyond a congratulatory refer-ence to the fact, reported to the state department that the last of the Ameri-

yet been given and the cabinet spen most of the time of to-day's session most of the time of to-day's session, going over once more certain portions of the document. One of these portions was the very first chapter of the message, treating of the foreign relations of our government.

Secretary Gage Recommendations for Currency Reform in Accord With the

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.-The annual report of the secretary of the treasury, according to the present plans, will be sent to Congress either on the first or second day of the coming session. As be secretary's plans for the reform of the currency, enough has been learned to give confidence that the President is in full accord with his his official utterance, as expressed in

views and recommended.

In his forthcoming message to Congress, he may not give a complete and specific endorsement to all the propositions covered by the secretary's report.

There will, however, be no difference between the President and the secretary. It is also understood that the forthcoming report of the monetary commission will cover recommendations not essentially different from those embodied in Secretary Gage's report to Congress. Those most familiar with both of these important papers give assurance that the difference between them will be easily reconciled and that to the support of the proposition so harmonized the monetary commission will be able to bring the powerful influence of the great body of business men which the commission represents. s men which the commission

Settlement Far Bemoved. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 26.-No. word of the reported refusal of the Ca-

nadian government of the proposition of the United States for a modus vivendi to stop the killing of seals while a other issues between the the state and Canada has come to the state partment or to the British emb-here. There is no disposition in off quarters to discredit the states coming from Otiawa to that effect, is feared that the end of the negotia

Wheeling's Postmaster Named

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—It was intimated in these dispatches some days ago that the President would chorily appoint cuccessor to Postmaster O'Kane at a encoessor to restinater o'Kans at Wheeling, so the announcement that President McKinley to-day appointed Mr. George Wiee, will hardly come in the nature of a surprise, but nevertheless it will be no less a source of gratification o'Mr. Wiss and his friends. The President also appointed Buart F, Reed, to be postmarter at Clarksburg, W. Va.

Why the Lecture Was Postpaned. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24-It is stated

the Catholic University and by Hon. lannis Taylor, late United States minister to spain, that a severe actuck of bron-chitis necessitated the abandanment of this lecture set for yesterday at the uni-versity. The report that the Spanish uninster Dupuy of Lome requested that the university authorities not permit the lecture is deuted by all parties concerned.

LOVERING'S FATE

Report That Courtmartial Agreed on a Verdict

THAT HE IS GUILTY AS CHARGED

prinancled by the Reviewing Authority, Which in this Case will be the Presblent-Lentency Shown the Officer on Account of his Long and Honorable Service and His Good Character-Vigorous Effort was Made to have Certain Specifications Stricken out.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26 .- The Tribune today prints the following: "The finding of the courtmardial is that the accused is guilty as charged in the specifications, and 'that he be reprimanded by the reviewing authority. The court is thus lenient in view of the good character of the accused as shown in the evidence."

The foregoing is, according to the statement of a man who knows, the exact verdict of the courtmartial which has just completed its labors in the case of Captain Leonard A. Lovering, of Fort Sheridan, charged with brutal treatment of private Charles Hammond,

of private Charles Hammond.

"It took the courtmartial one hour to reach its decision. The first ballot resulted in seven members of the courtmartial voting "guilty" and five "not guilty." The usual courtmartial is composed of thirteen members, but Major Rundelph, who had been detailed to at-Randolph, who had been detailed to attend, was unable to do so, and so twelve men sat as a jury to decide the fate of Captain Lovering. There was a vigorous effort made to have those parts of the specifications charging Captain Lovering with "cruelty and brutality" stricken out, but it was finally decided to consider the charges as they were set forth in the specifications, and the deciston was reached without making the changes.

A majority is conclusive in courtmar-tial findings and so, after the fact of guilt was established the only thing to be onsidered was the measure of punish-ment. The officers had made up their minds that Hammond's career as a sol tier was not creditable and this weighed trongly in bringing them to an agree-

ment as to the punishment to be meted out to Lovering.

The evidence showed that Captain Lovering had been connected with the United States military service for twenty-five years and that his record had been a good one. A number of the officers came out plainly and said they would not vote for a finding of guilty if Captain Lovering was to be given a humiliating punishment. It was argued that Hammond's record, when placed by the elde of Captain Lovering's was of such a character as unavoidably to gain some sympathy from the court for the officer.

Under a solemn oath the members of the court are sworn not to divulge the find-ing or discuss it until it has reached the oper authority, which in this case is resident McKinley. The Lovering ourtmardal is the result of a direct or-

courtmarelal is the result of a direct order saued by the President, and he will
be the reviewing officer in the case unless
he surrenders the responsibility to General Alger, secretary of war.
Lieut. Col. Hunter, judge advocate of
the court, will have his record completed
to-day and this, with the finding will be
forwarded to Washington to-night. It
will probably be placed in the hande of
the President on Monday and after its
inspection by General Alger and General
Miles, the finding will be given out officially. The public announcement will
probably be made by Thursday of next
week. It is of course known that the
President may change the sentence recommended by the courtmartial.

of the courtmartial in the case of Caprain Lovering has not yet reached the war department. It will not pass through the hands of General Brooke, as would the case in ordinary routine, but the gendther for review or for transmission to Washington from Chicago. The judge dvocate of the court, it is expected, wil dvocate of the court, it is expected, will roward the papers directly to judge ad-ocate General Lieber at the war depuri-nent and the latter will aubmit them with his endorsement to General Miles, who in turn will send the case up to Sec-riary Alger and eventually it may reach the white house.

THORN TRIAL

Prosecution Rests Without Again Putting

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 .- Lawyers lowe and Moss, who have diligently delended Martin Thorn, met to-day with serious and unlooked for obstach hen, after a brief adjournment, Dis let Attorney Youngs informed the burt that the people rested their case. It was generally expected that Mrs. ack would be put on the stand to reerate her confession, and the lawyers ho had been assigned to look after horn's Interests thought that she could repeat her statement of two

recks ago. Later in the afternoon District Attoryoungs said that he was not pre-pared to say whether Mrs. Nack, who and made such a famous scene in the list trial by her confession, would be produced or not. The case, as far as he district attempt's online went, was produced or not. The case, as far as the district attorney's opinion went, was fully proved without the woman's testimony. Later on, however, one of Mr. Youngs' advisors said that in case the defense put Martin Thorn on the stand the prosecution would certainly produce Mrs. Nack in rebuttal.

A Deliberate Sufeide.

FOSTORIA, Ohlo, Nov. 26.-John L. Ripp, of Ripp Lake, Wis., en route for his former home in Germany, got off a Baltimore & Ohlo train here this mornfig. wandered around the railroad yards for a couple of hours and then deliber-stely laid down on the tracks in front of an approaching Nickel Plate passen-ger train and was killed. He was about ger train and was killed. He was about forty years old and in his pockets were found a gold watch, 146 in money, 1ck-ets from Ripp Lake to Germane, and poetal and express receipts showing that he had sent over 1500 to a weman in Germany during the past year. No answers have yet been received by the officials to inquiries telegraphed to his starting place.

PORTSMOUTH, England, Nov. 26 .-Hiram Maxim's new quick firing gon Was tried here to-day, with remarkable its makes known for the first time

EASTHAM TRIAL

Venire of Jurors Exhausted, and a New

to Get on the Jury. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. PARSONS, W. Va., Nov. 26.—The en thre venire of jurors summoned for this term has been exhausted without se-curing a jury in the Eastham case. A new venire has consequently been is sued and pending the service of the summons further proceedings in the ase have been postponed until Monday But sfx unchallenged furors have a

But six unchallenged jurors have so far been obtained.
Arguments were heard to-day, pro and con, as to the fourteen challenged jurors, who were temporarily stood aside, and the court will pass upon their qualifications to-morrow. It was noted yesterday the apparent anxiety of some of the jurors to get on this particular jury for some purpose. A remarkable illustration of this occurred to-day. The defense strenously sought to qualify a juror whom the court declared disqualified. Finding they could not get him on the jury the defense immediately summoned him as

capacity at least.

Hons, A. G. Dayton, John A. Haward and John J. Davis left for home this afternoon. They will return Monday, when the case will be resumed.

MARY JARRELL'S CASE.

Hearing Again Postponed-Her Attorneys

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer, HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 28.—After a sharp legal fight in Squire Myers court this afternoon, the trial of Mary Jarrell was continued to Thursday next. The attorneys now in the case are: For the prosecution, E. E. Williams, H. T. Lovett, Colonel Z. T. Vinson and George J. McComas; defense, Hon. Elliott Northcott, J. W. Perry and ex-Senator E. McCallister. A battle royal will be on when the case comes

made this evening when the attorneys for the defense brought a damage suit against James Vinson, son of the mured man, for alleged false arrest, for

BELLIGERENT BONIFACES. Queer Quarrel Between Lesses of the Camden Hotel, Weston.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WESTON, W. Va., Nov. 26,-Guests a the Camden Hotel here do not know who s the rightful proprietor, or whether there is more than one, and employes do not know for whom they are at work. For a week there has been trouble between D. F. Carpening and Frank P.Nolan, who have been in charge for the paet month. Yesterday and last night it became a matter of physical might as to who should remain in charge. To-day both members of the firm of Corpening & Nolan, together with three employes, were arrested on various charges.

The facts as learned to-night by your correspondent, are in brief, that Corpening claims that he has purchased Nolan's charge in the business, and produced receipts to show that the sale was made by Nolan and that the partnership has been dissolved.

lamp, but he threw a hammer at her head and missed the mark. He then came upstairs with a can of oil and tar, which he threw in his wife's face. In an stant the mixture caught fire from at her from burning up where she

The woman was laid on her bed and then officers arrived they found Anto-to standing over his wife, plucking the looked flesh from her breast and arms cooked flesh from her breast and arms in flendish glee and cursing like a de-mon. When he was arrested he raved and had to be subjected to rough treat-ment before he could be taken to the police station.

Besult of the Coffre War.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 .- As a result of he war now being waged between the the war now being waged between the Arbuckle Coffee Company and the Woolson Spice Company, the sales of coffee during the week now ending have been far in excess of any similar period during the past year. Coffee brokers declared to-day that their sales had been doubled. The Woolson Spice Company, which is controlled by the Havemeyers, is selling Rio No. 7 at 9 comts a pound. Not to be outdone, the Arbuckles have made a reduction in their prices. Coffee is now duction in their prices. Coffee is now cheaper than it has been stace the war way the old dealers, and if the fight lasts here is no telling at what price it will o to. Another reason for the low price to be found in the energies of green coffee now here. enermous quantity

Died Like the Miser he Was,

BEATRICE, Neb., Nov. 28.—Campbell mith, an aged recluse, was found dead in his house where he lived alone, toin his house where he lived alone, to-night, by neighbors. The condition of the body indicated that he had been dead two weeks. Rais had mutilated the remains. Smith was well to do, but eccentric, and miserly. His living ex-penses were \$2.50 a month, while in his trunk were found demand certificates of deposit on local banks, city Var-rants and deeds to farm and city pro-perty exgregating many thousand dolperty aggregating many thousand deliars. He was a layer and highly sincated. His relatives, if he has any, live in Onle or Illinois.

TUANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 26 .- Marlot

B. Curits applied for a diverce to-day from M. C. Curtis, formerly assistant whereabouts of her husband, saying that he is paymaster for a railroad in Buenos

SERIOUS TROUBLE

WHEELING, W. VA., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1897.

May Result From the Indiscriminate Scramble for Empire

BETWEEN BRITISH AND FRENCH

In the Niger Region-Reports that a Sangulnary Conflict has Taken Place Urtween the Troops of the Two Nations at Nikki-The Conflict the Outcome of Contentions over Disputed Territory Great Britain Gets Ahead of France to Obtaining Treaty Concessions from the Native Chiefs-The French, However Disregarded the Fact.

BERLIN, Nov. 26 .- A dispatch to the Frankfort Zeitung from Rome reports that a sanguinary conflict has taken place between the French and British at Nikki, in the Lagos Hinterland.

LONDON, Nov. 26.-While the accuracy of the statement contained in the Rome dispatch to the Frankfort Zeltung announcing that a conflict has taken place between the French and British place between the French and British troops in the Lagos Hinterland, is doubted, the London morning papers to-day pointed out the imminent dauger resulting from the proximity of the two forces in the contested territory.

Later in the day a rumor was received at the British colonial office to the effect that there had been a collision between the British and French forces at Nikki, which is said to have been cap-

Nikki, which is said to have been cap-

ever, regard this report as highly im-probable, as, they explain, the British police in the Hinterland, who are in every limited numbers, had strict orders avoid any collision with the French t is also understood that the French forces had been instructed not to come nto conflict with the British. The Brit-ish forces in the Hinterland, it is fur-ther stated, are being reinforced con-

A conflict between the French and British forces in the Lagos Hinterland has been anticipated for some time past. Both countries have been hurrying troops into the disputed territory. The trouble is of about thirty years standing. In 1870 France and Great Britain opened negotiations for the settlement of their respective frontiers in West Africa, and it was decided in substance that French influence and authority should be confined to the north of a certain fine, and that Great Britain should have a free hand south of this line. The outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war interrupted the negotiations. There was considerable opposition in both countries to the cession of any territory, and during the next five years difficulties frequently occurred. Finally its was resolved to appoint commissioners to reconsider the whole matter, and as a result in the course of the next the years four separate agreements were considered.

The facts as learned to-night by your correspondent, are in brief, that Corpening claims that he has purchased Nolan's chare in the business, and produced receipts to show that the sale was made by Nolan and that the partnership has been dissolved.

Nolan claims that the allege agreement depended upon a condition which was not compiled with by Corpening.

Special police officers were sworn in last evening, and guarded the house all night. The regular police have frequently been called in to prevent violence, and to-night Nolan and a young man named Kirk Smith, were both arrested and fined for drawing guns on each other. The hotel bar was closed up this morning by order of the officers of the law, and there is a rumor that the stockholders in the building may take steps to close the hotel to-morrow.

A FIEND INGARNATE

A Drink Crazed Husband's Awfel Deed, Which Cansed His Wife's Drail.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 26.—The wife of Antonio Milagno died to-daw a most horrible death. Thanksgiving Day Anjonio became drunk and went to the cellar fe get some liquor. He fell and his wife came to his assistance with a lamp, but he threw a hammer at her line of the suspensioners of Great Britain and France to agree among themselves as to the frontier lines. Since then both particular of the failure of the boundary commissioners of Great Britain and France to agree among themselves as to the frontier lines. Since then both particular of the surface to agree among themselves as to the frontier lines. Since then both particular of the boundary commissioners of Great Britain and France to agree among themselves as to the frontier lines. Since then both particular difficulties have curred their attention to great African empire, and dispatched expeditions to the Hinterland of Largo and Carnotville to establish headquarters.

The British Niger company, however, getting wind of the French plans, dispatched arreaty with the nurse of negotiating a treaty with the nurse of negotiating a treaty with the nurse of negotiating a treaty with the nu To settle these and other questions in dispute, commissioners representing Great Britain and France are now tardily beginning to deliberate in Paris

PARIS, Nov. 26.—M. Lebon, the minister of the colonies, has received no information of a collision between the British and French troops at Nikki, in the Niger region, and discredits the re-

NEARLY A RIOT

On the Stage-Boston Lyric Opera Com-

pany in a New Role. CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—The audience at the Great Northern theatre to-night nar- | \$1.050.000. rowly missed being entertained by a riot of stage hand actors and actresses instead of the "Bohemian Girl," which was the opera billed for the performance The trouble was caused by a strike of the stage hands and electricians.

After a delay of half an hour, the cur-After a delay of half an hour, the curtain rose with all the members of the Buston lyife stock company in opera cosstume grouped about the stage surrounding their manager, W. A. Thompson, who appeared with top coat, hat and stick. The striking employes gathered around the theatre door apparently ready for trouble. Mr. Thompson, in a bitter speech, denounced Manager David Henderson, of the Great Northern, declaring he had treated the company "most shamefully," and announced that the play could not go on. He called for the strikers to come upon the stage and they yelled back that the police had been called in and would arrest them if they made such a move. The audience began a rush for the doors fearing serious trouble, but the opera company quieted the de, but the opera company quieted the ears by singing "Auld Lang Syne," and ng three times three for Manager

Mr. Henderson, in an interview after Mr. Henderson, in an interview after the occurrence, declared that the difficulty resulted from his cancellation of the stock company's engagement. He charged the company with incomposence and assecured the engagement by false representations. He said that the style was the result of an attempt of Mr. Thompson to sire up trouble in an effort to secure control of the theatre. Mr. Henderson's statements were emphatically denica by the spera people, who declared that financial difficulty on the part of the theatre company was at the bottom of the trouble.

The Earth Trembles, CHESTERFIELD, Ind., Nov. 26 .- An

aplosion of nitro-glycerine occurred o'clock last right. Six quarts of nitro-glycerine were hauled there for the pur-trip will occupy less than twenty days

pose of shooting a gas well to-day. A hole ten feet long and several in depth was torn in the cardy. The engine was hlown to pieces. Defiliers Haney and McGuire had a remis table escape. They were standing within thirty feet of the scene of the accident, and were hurled twenty feet by the force of the explosion, but with the exception of a few brutes, they escaped unhurt. Per sons one mile away were liftled from their feet from the concussion, and the Jar was falt for ten miles. Fire followed the explosion, but the flames were quickly excinguished.

Sitr Up a Rio' + "arto Rico by Hirralia latt r Tree America," HAVANA, Nov. 26.—Advices just received from Porto Rico, say that a rico occurred there yesterday. It appears that a steamer having on board a numher of political prisoners recently re leased from the Spanish penal settle neared from the Spanish penal settle-ments on the African coast, in accord-ance with the amnesty decree, arrived, there and the liberated men were al-lowed to land. They soon found their way to a drinking saloon, parioolt of stimulants and began cheering for the United States, crying "Hurrah for Free America".

America."

This demonstration was resented by the crowds about the place and rioting followed. The police were called upon to interfere and compelled the liberated men to resembark. During the disturbance the police captured the interest colored as being incognition in Pario Rico. Senor Marcos Garcia, the governor of Santa Clara, has arrived at Sagain order to be better able to judge of the conditions of the concentrators. From this day on these unfortunate people will receive rations regularly.

The Spanish authorities to-day released from prison Thomas J. Jordan, a prisoner captured according to the allegations after the landing of an expedition by the American steamer. Three friends, and Manuel Hernandez, who is said to have been a member of another fillustering expedition. Both men were under sentence of death.

The government has also released four others from prison. America."
This demonstration was resented by

All Americans Preed. HAVANA, Nov. 26.—No American cit-zens are now confined in a prison in the island of Cubs.

Prisoners in Revolt.
PRINCETON, Ind., Nov. 26 Nice teen prisoners confined in the Cibro-county full declared themselves in open inal, rushed upon his passes carry out their threats when the passes rescued the sheriff. A ficre fight ensued between Boger and Murphy, and Boger was beaten almost into insensibility and then throw; into a cell. When the prisoners saw their leader worsted they were suppressed without further trouble. Booking the cell bull Macable. suppressed without further trouble. Bo

President Siellinley in Gold. silver is to be outshone by William Mcof to-day. This will be the most costly lump of precious metal the people of the nump or precious metric the people of the modern world have ever seen. So says P. D. Higby, of Chicago, who has seen retained by western millionaires to fur-nish such a statue for exhibition at the Paris exposition in 1900. Mr Higby was in the city yesterday on his way ito Washington to get the conson of the Washington to get the consent of President to pose for the figure. "Y know," said Mr. Higby, "that I design and built the Montana statue at the World's Fair, for which Miss Rehar posed. I suppose it was because of my experience that I have been retained to build this status, which, with the belie-will contain buillon to the value of

Missouri Pacifie's Advance in Wages. ST LOUIS Nov. 26 -Vice President Warner, of the Missouri Pacific, said to-night in regard to the reported general advance of salaries: "There were eral advance of salaries: "There were only a very few men who were out in 1883. Engineers, conductors, trainmen, telegraph operators, agents, operators and machinists were not out then. It has been decided to restore the 10 per cent to such office clerks and a few officers who had held their positions unchanged from 1893, when reductions were made to dute, the total amount of which will be between \$3,000 and \$4,000 annually."

Against Arbitration.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.-A petition to the senators of the United States was announced to-day from the headquarannounced to-day from the headquar-ters of the Irish National Alliance in this city, against the adoption of the proposed general treaty of arbitration with England. The pertion will be circulated by the various councils of the Alliance throughout this councily the Arcient Order of Hibernians are other Irish American societies. The me a says that the advocates of a en who would have hanged Washing

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Nov. 26 .- H Lowther, on Eaglishman and neph

of Lord Lonzdale, accompanied by J

olosion of nitro-glycerine occurred than LEAS a portion of it will be a shalf mile west of this city at \$10 look last night. Six quarts of nitro-

AN "AUTHENIC HISTORY"

Of the Late War to be Written by Gen

Mai madukee, From a Southern Stand-point, of Course. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 28.—General ncente Marmaduke, of Sweet Springs, Mo., who was recently appointed by ex Confederate veterans of Missouri as chairman of a committee to write an authentic history of the part Missouri

concussion, and the Jar was felt for ten milles. Fire followed the explosion, but the flames were quickly exenguished.

THE SETTIES II.

Republican Fusion Members of the Oble Legislature Will Vote for the Republican Can Caneus Nombers for Senater.

CINCINNATI. Ohlo. Nov. 26.—At the recent election the fusion ticket, which carried this county contained older bemocrats and five Republican members of the legislature. There has been some doubt as to how the Hapublican fusionists would vote on joint ballot for United States senator.

At a meeting of these fusionists here, they decided to vote for the Republican caucus nominee, which will make the legislature stand eights Republicans to skuy-five Democrats on joint ballot for senator.

Stir Up a Rio' ' 'Serio Rico by Hurrabe' 113 F Tres America.''

At the maintenance of a committee to write and authentic history of the part Missouri and Missourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the part in the south and southern sold in the authentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part Missouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part with shead and wellness and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part in Anderson Russouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitentic history of the part in Anderson Russouri and Russourians took in the civil was unitended and residue, and their dead comrades to preserve the memory of it. While the north and other dead comrades to preserve the memory of it. While the north and their dead comrades to preserve the memory of it. While the are the memory of it. While the north and their dead comrades to preserve the memory of it. While the north and their dead com

world.
"The south had none of these advantages, or had them only to a limited extent. But notwithstanding all its advantages it took the north four years to crush the south, and then it did it by a grinding process, without having gained a single decisive victory."

FRANCE OFJECTS To Great Britain Landing a Cable on on-

of the Hawaiian Islands. NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A Washington lispatch to the Herald says: It is the desire of the British government that the United States shall authorize a

the United States shall authorize a British company to land a cable on one of the Hawatian islands, this cable to connect Canada and Australia. Such authorization is opposed by the French government on the ground that the laying of a cable with British capifal would place Great Britian in control of a telegraphic system reaching around the entire world, and that in the event of war, before a message could be transmitted the British govern ment's consent would have to be ob-

In case Great Britain were engaged in hostilities, a diplomat pointed out, it would be practically impossible for France to send a message over any cable which did not pass through British territory, except that which connects France and Cape-Cod.

M. Patenotre has made a representation on the subject to Secretary Sherman, who said he aid not think it would make such difference, so this govern-

make such difference, so this govern ment could use the cable if desired, and

mane such directors, the soversement could use the cable if desired, and in case of necessity are opposition line could be established. The French officials, however, point out that in case of war between the United States and Great Britain the government would find itself seriously handicapped if the cable were under British control.

Information has reached here that agents of the British company interested in the cable enterprise and the consulu are making a determined effort to secure a recommenciation from the Dole authorities to the United States that the British company be allowed to land a cable. Mr. Sewall, the diplomatic representative of this government to Hawaii, is wholly opposed to the granting of such permission on the ground that such action would be prejudicial to the interests of his government. It is impossible for the Dole authorities to give permission to lay a cable on account of the reciprocity, treaty between Hawaii. permission to lay a cable on account of the reciprocity treaty between Hawali and the United States.

Wire Natl Combine. CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 26.-Informa ion from reliable sources in Cleveland is to the effect that at the protracted meeting in New York City during this week, attended by nearly all the big producers of wire, wire nalls and rods in the country, an agreement to consol-

in the country, an agreement to consultate was virtually reached, only one concern remaining to be induced to go in. The combination will be the most immense ever attempted and will affect the entire iron trade. In order to avoid the fate of the old wire nail pool, the rod mills will be included as well as a number of steel producing concerns. The companies affected in Cleveland are the H. P. Nail Company, the American Wire Company, the Consolidated Steel and Wire Company and the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company. J. P. Morgan, of New York, is mentioned as chairman of the board of directors of the new company and John W. Gates, president of the Hilhols Steel Company, as president.

Forged County Warrants.

PORTLAND, Gre., Nov. 26,-C. E. Jameson, arrested at Seattle for forging about \$10,000 worth of Chehalis county warrants, is well known in Portland. None of the brokers or bankers in Portland knew of any case where in Portland knew of any case where Jameson had sold any of his bogus warrants outright. His scheme appears to have been to use them as collateral security in negotiating a loan for himself. Waiter A. Holt, exchange teller at the Wells Fargo bank, has \$400 worth of them, which he took in exchange for a loan of \$250. Mr. Holt declined to give the name of the man who negotiated the loan with him. Aaron H. Maegley, a Fourth street broker, has in his possession a Chehalis county warrant dated in 1894, calling for \$278, which he believes to be a forgery.

Clonk Binkers Strike,

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.-A strike which involved 200 cloakmakers occurred to-day at a Delancey street shop. curred to-day at a Delancey street shop. The cause of the strike was a threat alleged to have been made by the employing contractors to reduce wages. This is the first result of the expiration of the peace contracts entered into three months ago between the 890 contractors and 3,000 organized employes in the cloak making industry. According to the agreement these contracts became obsolete to-day. A series of meetings will be held to outline plans to avert, if possible, a general conflict between employes and employers.

Illinois Miners Strike Settled. CHICAGO, Nov. 26 .- The coal mining

rike in the Northern Illinois district, aded to-day. Twelve thousand men uted to-day. Twelve inconsum me ver gone bank to work in the Coal City, raidwood, Carbon Hill, Sprins Yalley, odi, Seatonville, La Salle and Oglebby elds. One thousand men comula out at reator, the only point where miners at operators have not agreed. A six-conent there is expected within a week.

TREND OF TRADE.

Heavy Exports and Renewed Advance in Price of Wheat.

THE IMPORTANT FEATURES

Of the Weck's Transactions-All Records of the Season Surpassed by the Heavy Ernorts Manufactured Products, Especially Machinery-Excess of Exports Over Imports Will be About \$225,000, 000 for the Past Four Mouths-Iron Industry Shows no Decrease in Producttion or Consumption-Woolen Mannfacturers Consuming Heavily in Execu

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 .- R. G. Dun & o's weekly review of trade will say

The heavy exports of wheat, with the enewed advance in price, is the most interesting and important feature of the week. Since August 1, when the extent of foreign deficiency became realized, exports have been larger than in corresponding weeks of any previous year. The cotton exports also have become very heavy, and the outgo of corn falls but little below last year's unprece-dented record, while in exports of manufactured products, especially ma urpassed. While the aggregate for November last year was over \$109,000,000 shipments from New York for three weeks have been but slightly smaller with a fair prospect that the known in-crease in cotton and other products om other ports may make up the de delency. Meanwhile, imports are run-ning behind last year's at New York, hearly \$2,000,000 this month, so that another excess of exports over imports amounting to about \$60,000,000 for the month is probable. But't this would make an excess of about \$225,900,000 in

After the slight decline last Saturday, wheat rese to \$1,00% for November, with No. 2 red and other grades selling many cents higher. Yet western receipts are of enormous magnitude. In four weeks 27,072,104 bushels, against 2,314,838 in the same four weeks last year, while Atlantice exports, flour included, were for the week 3.628,445 bushels, and for four weeks 13,429,839, against 7,737,685 last year. The shipments from other ports have also been heavy, and neither appears to change the former estimates of European needs. Corn also continues to go abroad in quantities almost as large as last year, when all past records were broken, but the price has slightly declined. After the slight decline last Saturday,

Print cloths and other staple goods are at the lowest quotations ever known. In such conditions weakness is natural, although extreme estimates of yield are not by some entirity credited. The demand for goods firm the south is larger since the removal of embargoes, and recent reductions in prices have simulated larger transactions by dealers, but stocks held by the mills are still heavy. With 1,961,000 pieces of print cloths on hand, 2,122,000 one year ago, and only 206,000 pieces two years ago, the output of 2,000,000 beyond consumption last year has been a heavy load ever since.

The iron industry shows no The iron industry shows no decrease in production or consumption of pig but much reduced orders for products in excess of production is expected, and Bessemer falls a shade to \$10 if, and Grey forge to \$9.25 at Pittsburgh, though Chicago and eastern markets show no change. Billets are also weaker at Pittsburgh, at \$15. Expectation of lower prices tends to produce them at a time when new business is naturally small, and the mills are working mostly on olforders, with buyers impatient for small, and the mills are working mostly on oldorders, with buyers impatient for deliveries. Other large orders are held back in plates by inability of the works to deliver in the time desired. In bars, agricultural and railway manufacturing cause some heavy demand at Chicago, iron being preferred to steel, and thin sheets are also in better demand, but bars are a shade lower at Pittsburgh, and both wire and steel nails. Some large orders for rails by eastern railways are reported.

railways are reported. The woolen manufacturer is still consuming heavily in execution of past orders, and many agents are soid so far ahead that they seek no further business, while others are beginning to question whether the demand for the next season will suffice if prices are made to correspond with the present quotations of wool. Some reductions in prices of wool appear possible, averaging one-half a cent, with sales of Australian amounting to 2.700.000 pounds in a few large blocks at Boston, but the tone is still strong. No change has occurred in the cotton manufacture. The woolen manufacturer is still conhas occurred in the cotton manufacture, and the market for its product is still

Failures for the past week have been 236 in the United States, against 300 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 38 last year.

Samething of a Beet.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 26.-The government experiment station at Purdue university has found at Hamlet, due university has found at Hammer, Stark county, a sugar beet raised from seed and under working directions fur-nished by the station, which yielded 23.9 per cent of sugar and had a purity co-efficient of \$4.5. This is the best su-gar beet ever raised in Indiana. The yield to an acre of washed and trimmed heavy was fourties atom. ects was fourteen tons.

Oldest Pennsylvania Mason Dead PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 26-Dr. Mordecal M. Moore, one of the oldest Masons in Pennsylvania, died gesterday in the Masonic home, this city, aged ninety years. Dr. Moore became totally blind about forty years ago and since then had traveled extensives through the western states, preaching the gospel.

Mavements of Steamships.

NEW YORK-Karlsruhe, Bremen, NAPLES-Kalser Wilhelm II, New York for Genoa. ROTTERDAM - Spaarndam, New

York. HREMEN-Lahn, New York, via Weather Forecast for Tastay.

noon, locked, was a westerly winds.
For Western Pennsylvania and Onto, For Western Pennsylvania and by that-rain, turning into snow, followed by that-rain, turning into snow, followed the coller; ing weather Saturday; decidedly wards.

cold wave; high northern Econi Temperature.

The temperature restorday us observed by C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Fourteenth and Market sureets, was as follows: